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• The Chinese developed new technologies, such as steelmaking, printing and gunpowder.

• Lecture Focus (Essential Question):



• The books in this class are made from paper with letters printed on that paper by a printing machine...lets look at how printing was first invented during the Tang Dynasty.

• During the Tang Dynasty and the Song Dynasty new inventions and technologies changed China's society.



• In time these discoveries spread to other parts of the world.

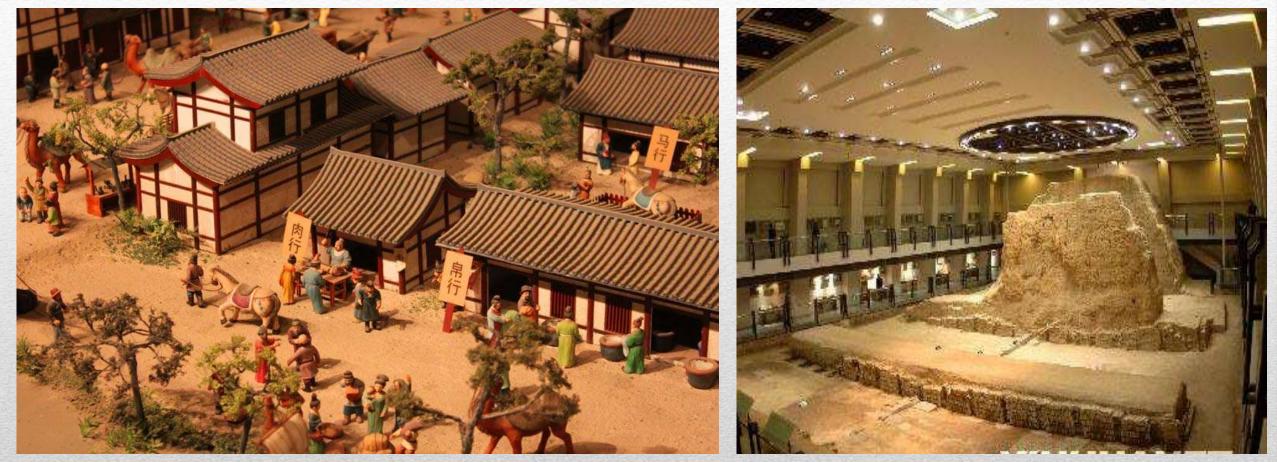
• Lets check out the ancient Tang capital city of Chang'an.



• Chang'an may have had a population of one million people at its peak, which is a lot of people in today's standards.



• The city was a marvel of technology, having large city blocks that included houses, businesses and temples that set along straight streets.



• The layout inspired the design of many later cities in China and Japan.

• Think about The Growing Economy lesson we had about China's development.



• What improvements in agriculture would allow China's population to grow in areas of the Tang Dynasty and actually reach one million people in certain areas?

• Think about The Growing Economy lesson we had about China's development.



• What improvements in agriculture would allow China's population to grow in areas of the Tang Dynasty and actually reach one million people in certain areas? Super Rice, irrigation and a fair and productive government.

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• For most of China's history, people burned wood to heat their homes and cook their food.



• By the time of the Tang Dynasty, wood was becoming scarce in China.



However, the Chinese had discovered that coal could be used to burn and ultimately heat things, and soon a coal mining industry developed.

• The Chinese used coal to heat furnaces to high temperatures, which lead to another discovery...Steel!



• When iron was produced in hot furnaces heated by coal, the molten iron mixed with the carbon from the coal created steel.

• **Carbon** - A nonmetal that has two main forms (**diamond and graphite**) and that also occurs in a impure form in charcoal, soot, and coal.



• The mixing of **Carbon** and **Iron** created a new, stronger metal known today as **Steel**...remember this is a chance mistake, that happens from burning coal!

• The Chinese used steel to make many things...armor, swords and helmets for their military.



• However, they also used this new metal stoves, farm tools, drills, steel chains, nails and even sewing needles.

• Questions:

• 1) What was the new discovery China made that allowed them to heat things?

• 2) What was the new metal that was created by using coal and iron?

• 3) What were some items that were made out of this new metal?

- Questions:
- 1) What was the new discovery China made that allowed them to heat things?
 - Coal
- 2) What was the new metal that was created by using coal and iron?
 - Steel
- 3) What were some items that were made out of this new metal?
 - Armor, swords, stoves, needles, chains and drills...

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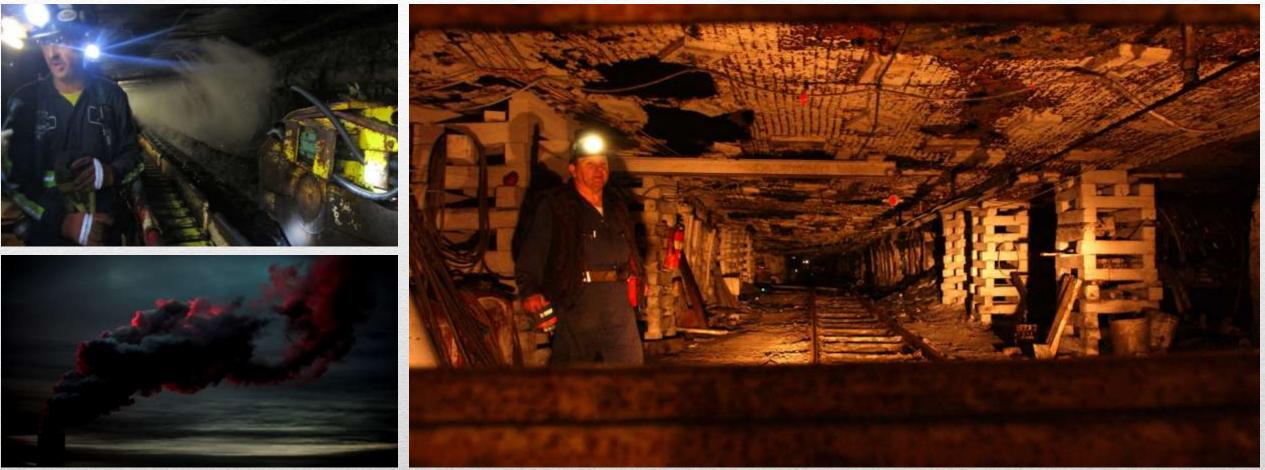


• History Tragedy Time!!

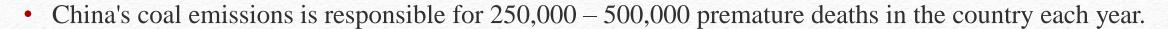


• Coal has been used as an energy source for centuries...in fact it still is.

• One of the biggest producing areas in the world is right in our back yard...Pennsylvania!



• There is a fundamental problem with coal though...the pollution it causes is intense and is currently causing a major problem in China and all over the world.





 Hundreds of thousands of Chinese citizens are at risk from dangerous levels of air pollution as poisonous smog fills cities due to the burning of coal. (Shanghai with burning coal)



• (Shanghai without burning coal)



• China is the world's largest consumer of coal, which is its main energy source, and is responsible for around half the world's coal consumption...the impacts of its reliance on coal are becoming more well known after an eight-year-old girl was diagnosed with lung cancer which her doctor blamed on air pollution.

• In some eastern cities including **Shanghai**, coal pollution levels were off the index that tracks dangerous pollution, with schools closing and flights being cancelled or diverted.



• Sales of air purifiers and face masks have soared with many retailers selling out of stock as residents try to protect themselves from the poisonous smog.

• In September, the Chinese government announced a plan to tackle the high levels of air pollution including for the first time measures to cut coal consumption.



• Under the plan, China aims to cut air pollution in some of the worst affected areas including Beijing by 2017.

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• (Imperial City, **Beijing China**, with coal smog)



• What do you think can be done about this...what are your ideas?

• Paper had been invented centuries earlier under the Han Dynasty.

和音 北庫平 沙録佛祖直指心 二兩平 て月 龍要書 一定 Ð 公 有縁 六元本包

• Under the Tang, the mass production of paper led to another important Chinese innovation: a method of printing books.

• Before mass printing books were copied by hand, a process that was extremely expensive and time consuming.



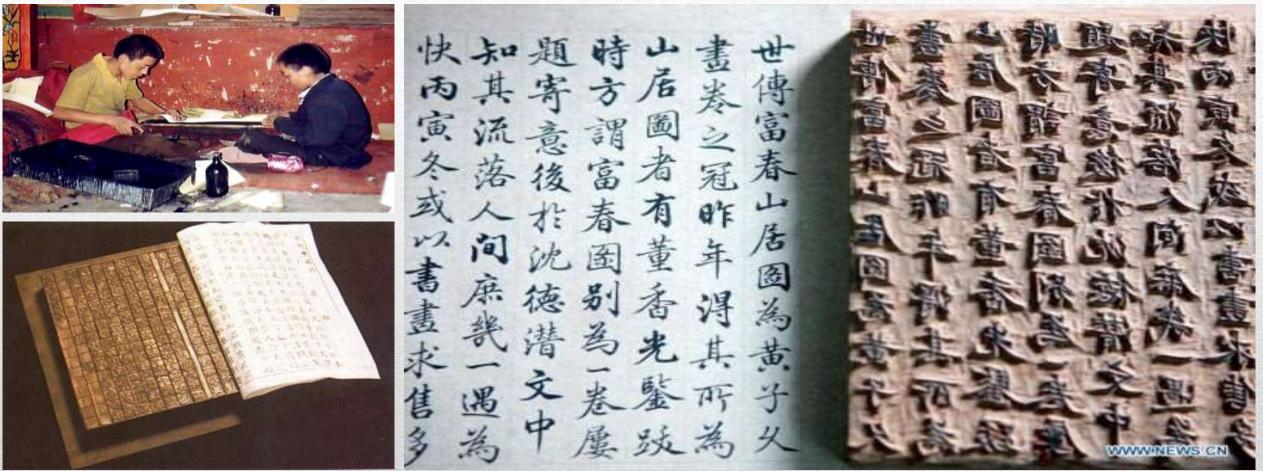
• The Chinese began this process in the 600's C.E.

• They used blocks of wood on which they cut their language characters of an entire page of what will become a single page in a book.



• Ink was then placed over the wooden block.

• Then paper was laid on the block to make a print.



• Cutting the block took an extremely long time, but the woodblocks could be used again and again to make countless copies...think of it like an ancient copy machine!

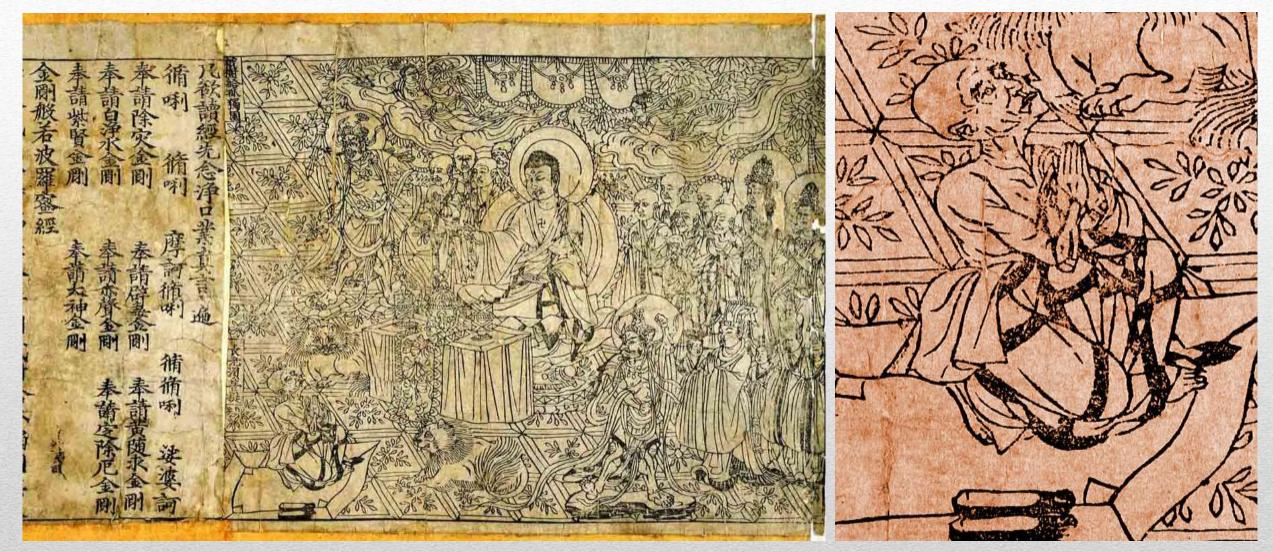
• Paintings and other artwork were also done in this style.



• The Great Wave off Kanagawa by Hokusai...my favorite painting in the world!

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• The Chinese soon began printing books after their printing press was invented.

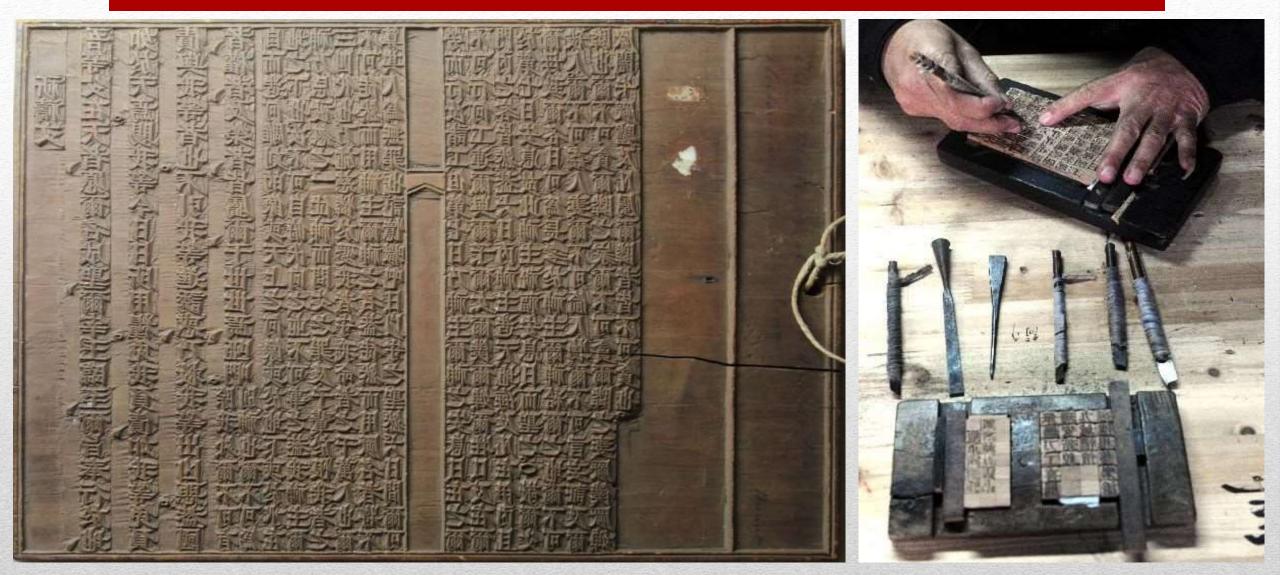


• The earliest known printed book was a Buddhist book called *The Diamond Sutra* and it dates back from about 868 C.E.

• The Diamond Sutra is a Mahayana Sutra and emphasizes the practice of non-attachment.



A copy of the Chinese version of *The Diamond Sutra*, was found in the early 20th century by Aurel Stein, was dated back to May 11, 868...it is in the words of the British Library, "the earliest complete survival of a dated printed book.



• The invention of printing was extremely important...helping to spread ideas more rapidly throughout a large area.

• In the 1000's C.E., a Chinese printer named **Pi Sheng** (**BEE ShuHNG**) invented **movable type** for printing.



• With movable type, each character is created on a separate piece, rather then carved into a large block of wood.



• This allowed pieces the ability to be moved freely at will, making sentences and paragraphs very quickly and easily.

• Printing also led to the invention of paper currency.



• In 1024, during the Song Dynasty, China printed the world's first paper money as a way to help merchants...paper money helped the economy to expand and cities to grow.

• Questions:

• 1) What were **woodblocks** used for during the original method for copying books?

• 2) What did Pi Sheng invent?

• 3) During the Song Dynasty what was printed that helped merchants and the economy grow?

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- Questions:
- 1) What were **woodblocks** used for during the original method for copying books?
 - To make books, by carving Chinese letters into the woodblock.
- 2) What did Pi Sheng invent?
 - Movable type for printing.
- 3) During the Song Dynasty what was printed that helped merchants and the economy grow?
 - Paper currency

• Printing:



• When the Chinese invented movable type, they improved the art of printing

• A Chinese author, Shen Kua described the work of Pi Sheng:

• "He took sticky clay and cut in it characters as thin as the edge of a copper coin. Each character formed as it were a single type. He baked them in fire to make them hard. He had previously prepared an iron plate with a mixture of pipe resin, wax and paper ashes. When he wished to print, he took an iron frame and set it on the iron plate. In this he placed the type and set it to close together. When the frame was full, the whole made on solid block of type."

• Connecting to the past:

• 1) Why do you think Pi Sheng used clay to make his characters?

• 2) In what instance would woodblock printing have been a better method to use then movable type?

- Connecting to the past:
- 1) Why do you think Pi Sheng used clay to make his characters?
 - It was easy to manipulate
- 2) In what instance would woodblock printing have been a better method to use then movable type?
 - To make just a few copies of something

Gunpowder was the first physical explosive and propellant...the invention of gunpowder is usually attributed to **Chinese Alchemy**, and is popularly listed as one of the "Four Great Inventions" of China.



• Alchemy - a science that was used in the Middle Ages with the goal of changing ordinary metals into gold

• It was invented during the Tang Dynasty and the earliest record of a written formula appeared in the Song Dynasty.



• The overall consensus from Historians and Archeologists is that gunpowder was formulated in the 9th century by Chinese alchemists searching for an elixir of immortality.



• Knowledge of gunpowder spread throughout the Old World as a result of the Mongol conquests of the 13th century.

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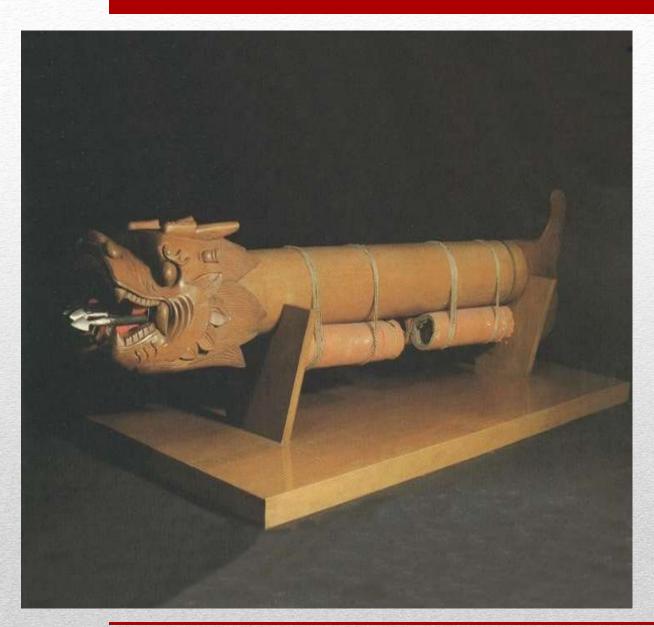
• The Chinese gunpowder was used in various explosives and parts of other weapons.



• One of the most intense weapons that used gunpowder was the Fire Lance, which was the ancestor of the gun.

• The earliest fire lances were spear-like weapons combining a tube containing gunpowder and projectiles tied to a Chinese spear.





• Upon firing the Fire Lance a charge ejected a small projectile or poison dart along with the flame.

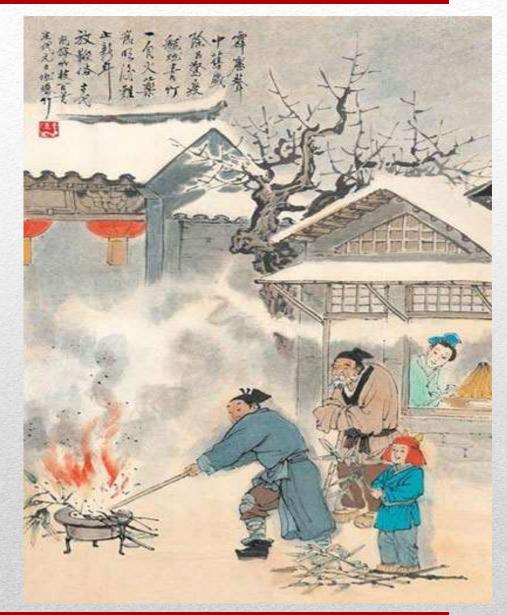
• This weapon paved the way for further improvements to gunpowder weapons and is the direct ancestor of the modern day firearm and artillery.



• The **Fire Lance** and other variations became an important part of the Chinese military and truly made them a strong fighting force.



- The Chinese also used gunpowder to make fireworks.
 - Fireworks originated in China some 2,000 years ago...one legend states that fireworks were invented by accident by a **Chinese Cook** working in a field kitchen who happened to mix charcoal, sulfur and saltpeter...the mixture burned and when compressed in an enclosure (a bamboo tube), the mixture exploded.
- Another legend states that a Chinese monk named Li Tian invented firecrackers about 1,000 years ago...the Chinese people celebrate the invention of the firecracker every April 18 by offering sacrifices to Li Tian. During the Song Dynasty, the local people established a temple to worship Li Tian.



• The firecrackers, both then and now, are thought to have the power to fend off evil spirits and ghosts that are frightened by the loud bangs of the firecrackers.





• Firecrackers are used for such purposes today at most events such as births, deaths and birthdays... Chinese New Year is a particularly popular event that is celebrated with firecrackers to usher in the new year free of the evil spirits.



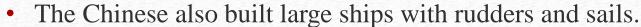


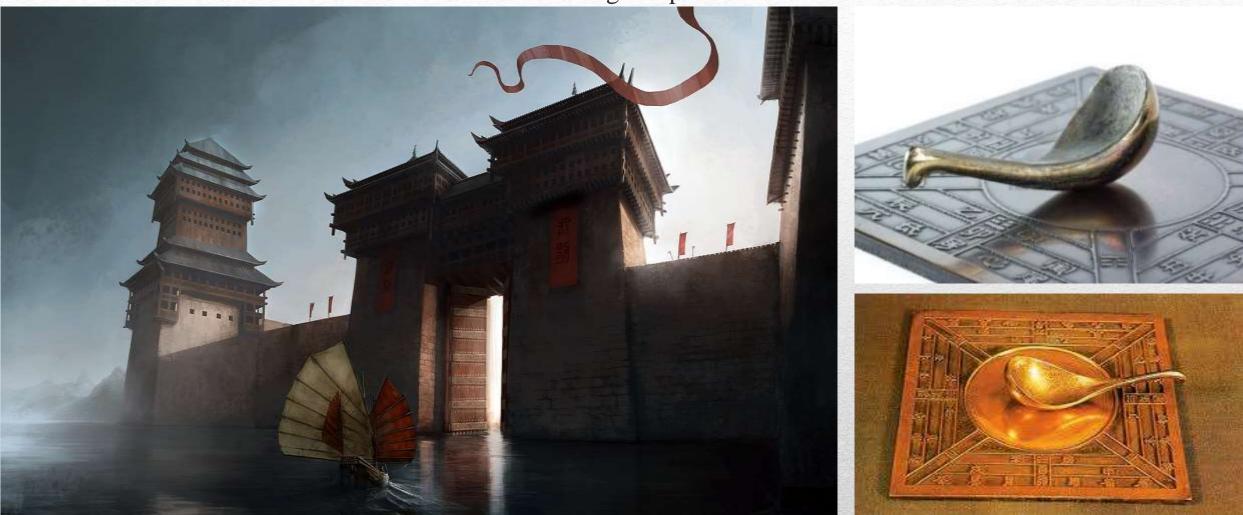






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• In about 1150 C.E., Chinese sailors began using the compass to help them find their way over long sea voyages...and allowed them to sail further away from land!

- Questions:
- 1) What does Alchemy mean?

• 2) What were some uses for gunpowder in ancient China?

• 3) What is a Fire Lance and how was it used?

- Questions:
- 1) What does Alchemy mean?
 - A middle Ages practice of turning normal metals into gold.
- 2) What were some uses for gunpowder in ancient China?
 - Fireworks, explosive weapons and Fire Laces.
- 3) What is a Fire Lance and how was it used?
 - The first ancient gun, used in the Chinese military

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• Reading Check:

- Answer the following questions in a well organized, 3 to 4 sentence response.
 - Why was the invention of printing so important to the world?